



## RINGWOOD NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY

### Fungus Foray at Mark Ash

Date: 12th October 2019  
Weather: Rain most of the day, slightly drier pm  
Walk Leader: Bill Syratt  
Attendees: 10 members a.m., 4 p.m.

The rece was carried out in dull but generally dry conditions the day before. The foray headed right of the car park, returning to the main track and back to the car park for lunch. After lunch, 4 members walked down to the stream, then back across the road on the opposite side of the car park. Species seen only on the rece are marked \* and those seen in the afternoon only marked \*\*. Species are listed in the order of Sterry and Hughes.

#### Mature deciduous woodland (some conifers) and associated lawns.

Cep	<i>Boletus edulis</i> **
Suede Bolete	<i>Boletus subtomentosus</i> **
Red-cracking Bolete	<i>Boletus crysenteron</i>
Brown Birch Bolete	<i>Leccinum scabrum</i>
Slippery Jack	<i>Suillus luteus</i> **
Tawny Milkcap	<i>Lactarius fulvissimus</i>
Birch Milkcap	<i>Lactarius tabidus</i>
Oakbug Milkcap	<i>Lactarius quietus</i>
Ugly Milkcap	<i>Lactarius turpis</i>
Ochre Brittlepill	<i>Russula ochrocleuca</i>
Beechwood Sickener	<i>Russula nobilis</i>
Purple Brittlepill	<i>Russula atropurpurea</i>
Heath Parasol	<i>Macrolepiota konradii</i>
Fly Agaric	<i>Amanita muscaria</i>
Blusher	<i>Amanita rubescens</i>
False Deathcap	<i>Amanita citrina</i>
White False Deathcap	<i>A. citrina</i> var. <i>alba</i> *
Destroying Angel	<i>Amanita virosa</i> **
Honey Fungus	<i>Armillaria mellea</i>
The Deceiver	<i>Laccaria laccata</i>
Amethyst Deceiver	<i>Laccaria amethystea</i>
Spindleshank	<i>Collybia fusipes</i>
Wood Woolly-foot	<i>Collybia peronata</i>
Buttercap	<i>Collybia butyracea</i>
Leaf Parachute	<i>Marasmius epiphyllus</i> **
Tawny Funnel	<i>Lepista flaccida</i>
Porcelain Fungus	<i>Oudemansiella mucida</i>
Snapping Bonnet	<i>Mycena vitilis</i>
Iodine Bonnet	<i>Mycena filipes</i> **
Milking Bonnet	<i>Mycena galopus</i> **
Burgundy Drop Bonnet	<i>Mycena haematopus</i>
Clustered Bonnet	<i>Mycena inclinata</i>
Lilac Bonnet (white form)	<i>Mycena pura</i> **
A Small Shield Fungus	<i>Pluteus inquilinus</i>
Brown Rollrim	<i>Paxillus involutus</i>
Funeral Bell	<i>Galerina marginata</i>

Sulphur Tuft	<i>Hyphaloma fasciculare</i>
Golden Scalycap	<i>Pholiota aurivella</i> **
Heath Mushroom	<i>Agaricus porphyrocephalus</i> *
Glistening Inkcap	<i>Coprinellus micaceus</i>
Oyster Mushroom	<i>Pleurotus ostreatus</i>
Pale Oyster	<i>Pleurotus pulmonarius</i>
Peeling Oysterling	<i>Crepidatus mollis</i> **
Aniseed Cockleshell	<i>Lentinellus cochleatus</i>
Hairy Curtain Crust	<i>Stereum hirsutum</i>
Small Stagshorn	<i>Calocera cornea</i>
Crystal Brain	<i>Exidea nucleata</i> **
Giant Polypore	<i>Meripilus giganteus</i> **
Root Rot	<i>Heterobasidion annosum</i>
Hoof Fungus	<i>Fomes fomentarius</i>
Bitter Bracket	<i>Postia stiptica</i>
Spongy Mazegill	<i>Spongipellis delectans</i> ** (!)
Turkeytail	<i>Trametes versicolor</i>
Southern Bracket	<i>Ganoderma australi</i>
Common Puffball	<i>Lycoperdon perlatum</i>
Spiny Puffball	<i>Lycoperdon echinatum</i> **
Soft Puffball	<i>Lycoperdon umbrinum</i> **
Common Earthball	<i>Scleroderma citrinum</i>
Beefsteak Fungus	<i>Fistulina hepatica</i>
Jelly Rot	<i>Phlebia tremellosa</i>
Black Bulgar	<i>Bulgaria inquinans</i> *
Beech Jellydisc	<i>Neobulgaria pura</i> *
Purple Jellydisc	<i>Ascocoryne sarcoides</i>
Oak Pin	<i>Cudoniella acicularis</i>
Coral Spot	<i>Nectaria cinnabarina</i> **
Candlesnuff	<i>Xylaria hypoxylon</i> *
Beech Woodwart	<i>Hypoxylon fragiforme</i>
Beech Tarcrust	<i>Biscogniauxia nummularia</i>
Pink Slime Mould	<i>Tubulifera arachnoidea</i>

Total 69

(!) Spongy mazegill (*Spondpellis delectans*) is very rare (not in Sterry and Hughes or Phillips) with fewer than 50 records for UK. It was observed, but not identified, on the rece, but its significance was not realized until pointed out by Simon Currie (thanks, Simon).



*Very rare fungus Spongy Mazegill (Spongipellis delectans). Photo Mike Read - thanks to Simon Currie for I.D.*